

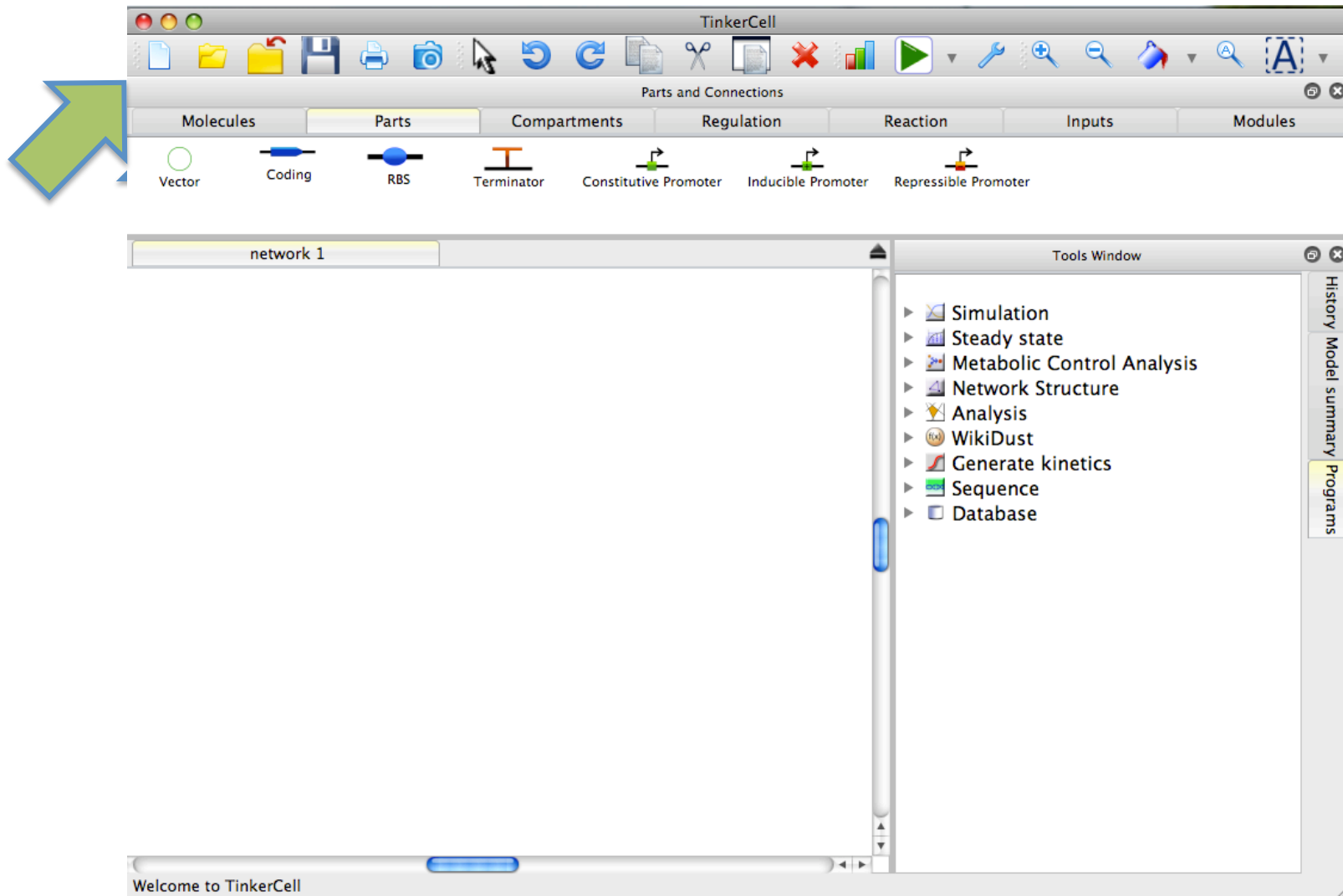
TinkerCell Tutorial: the bacterial photography system

Thanks and appreciation to Deepak Chandra from U of W who developed Tinkercell and who modified it to teach the light detection system.

The light detection system itself was made by the 2006 Univ. Texas iGEM team

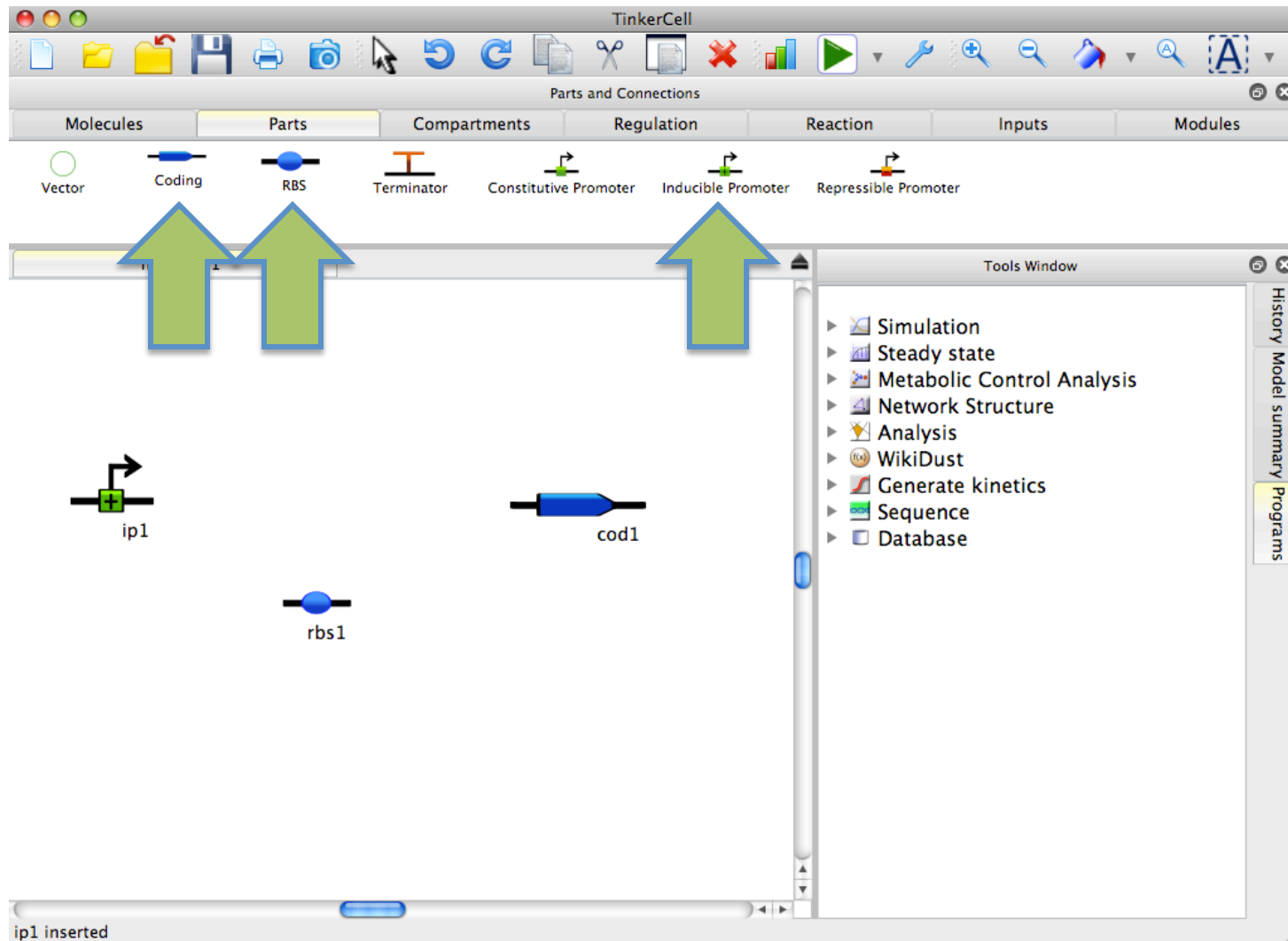
Start a new canvas

Select “New Canvas” from the File Menu or use the icon on the left at the top of the program



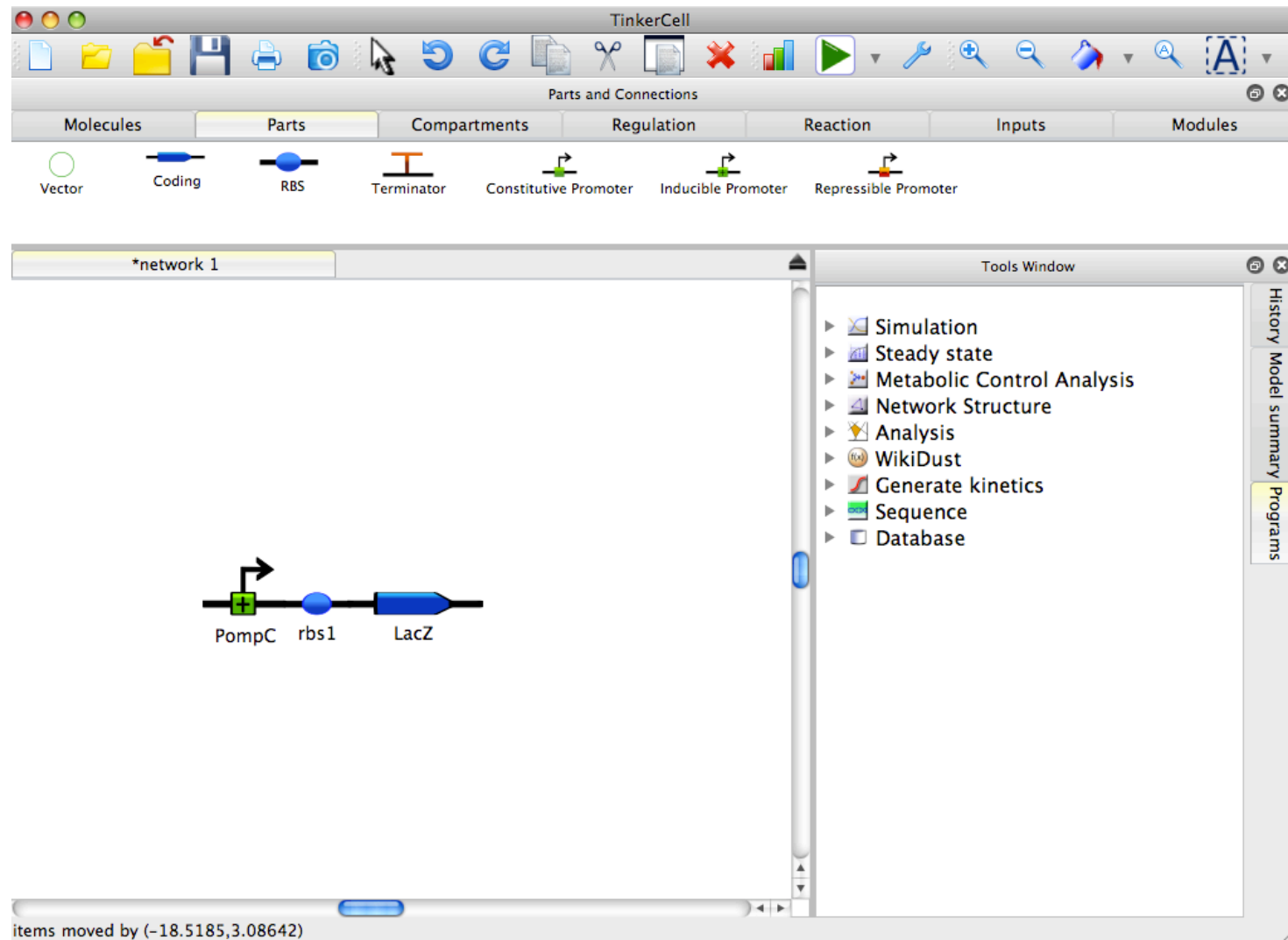
Assemble Reporter

From the “Parts” tab, select and place an “Inducible Promoter,” an “RBS,” and a “Coding” icon on the canvas



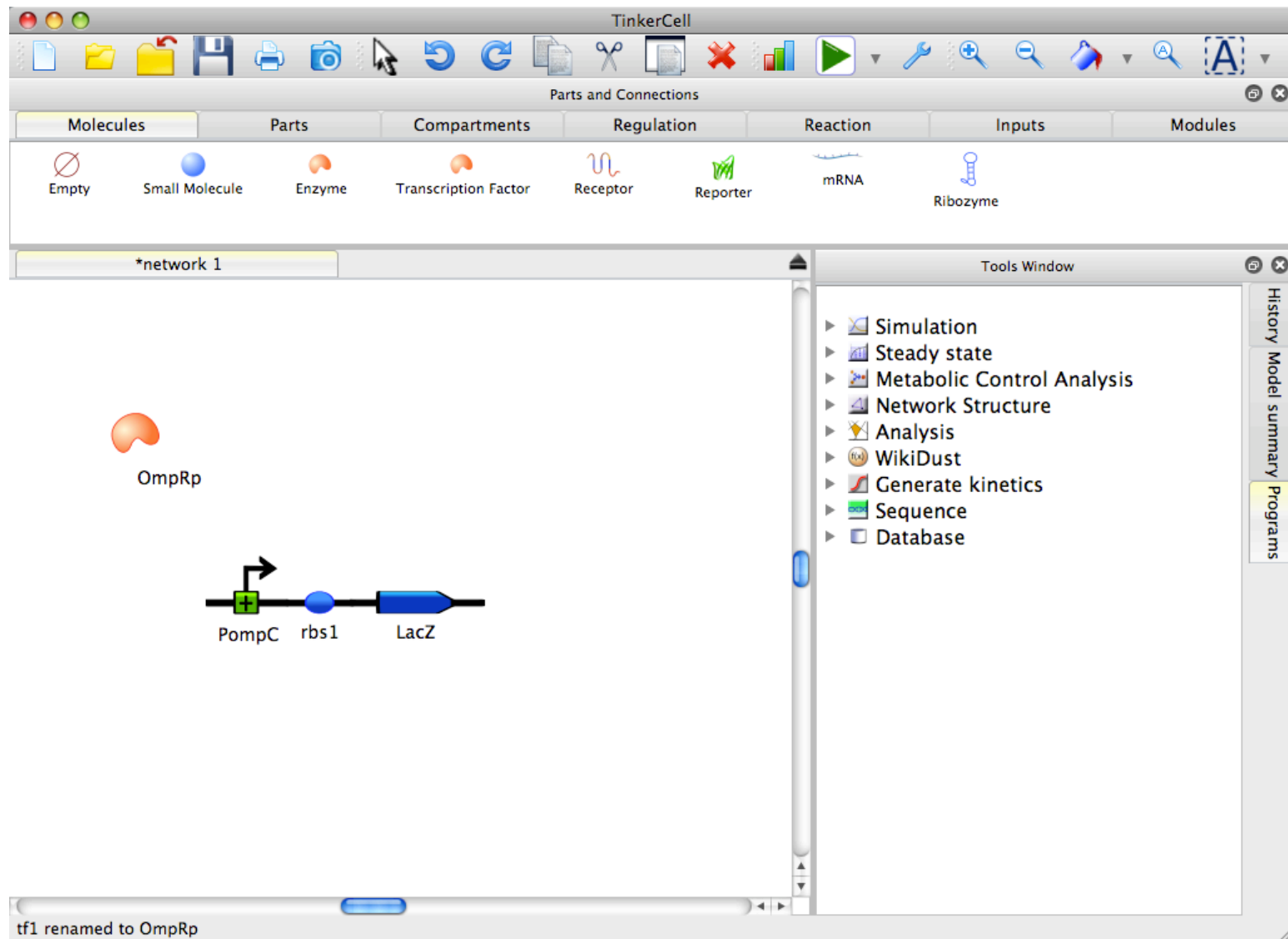
Align and Name

Drag items on the canvas next to one another to align them. Rename the promoter and coding sequence.



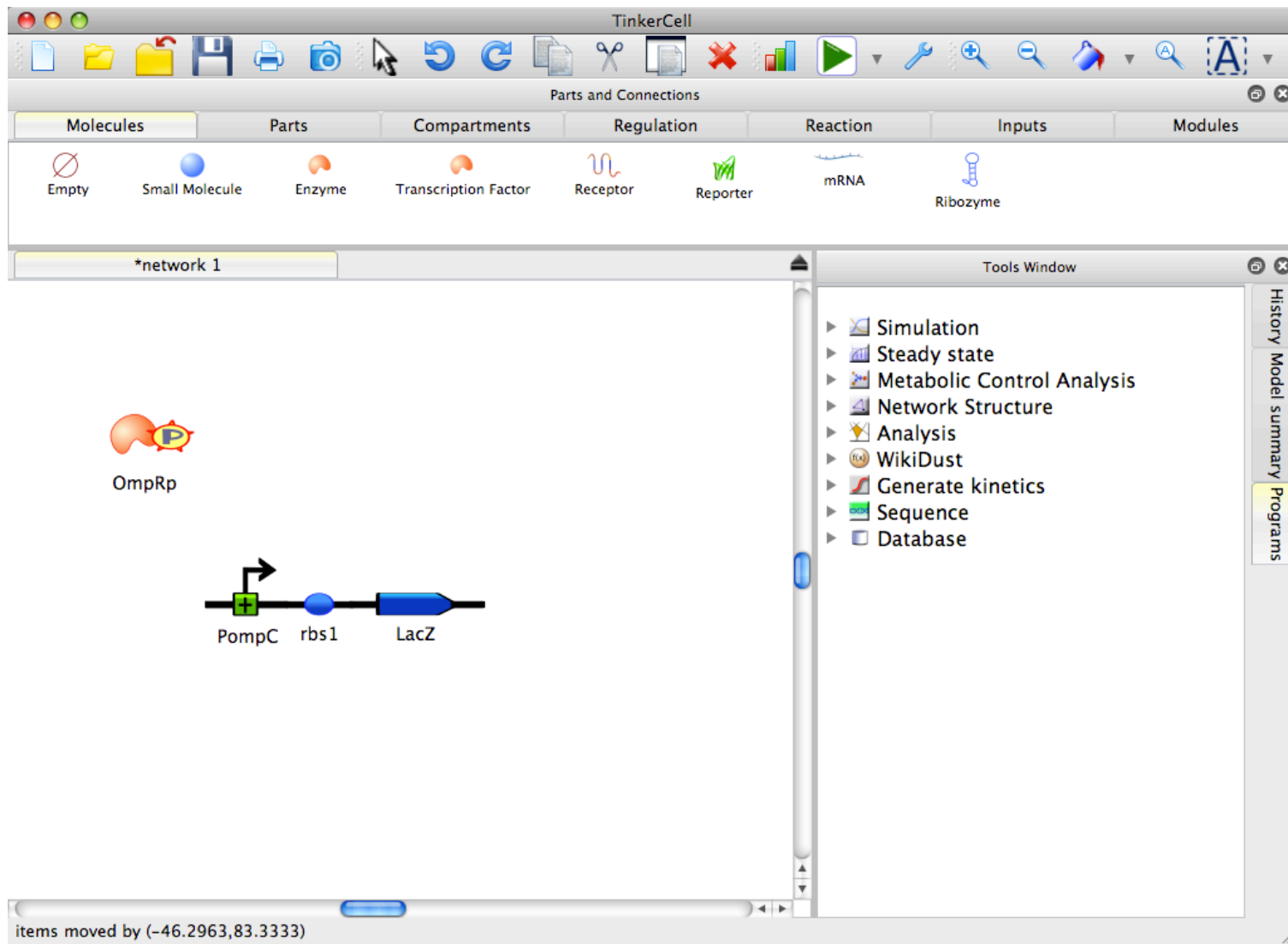
Add a transcription factor

From the “Molecules” tab, add a transcription factor to the canvas and rename it OmpRp



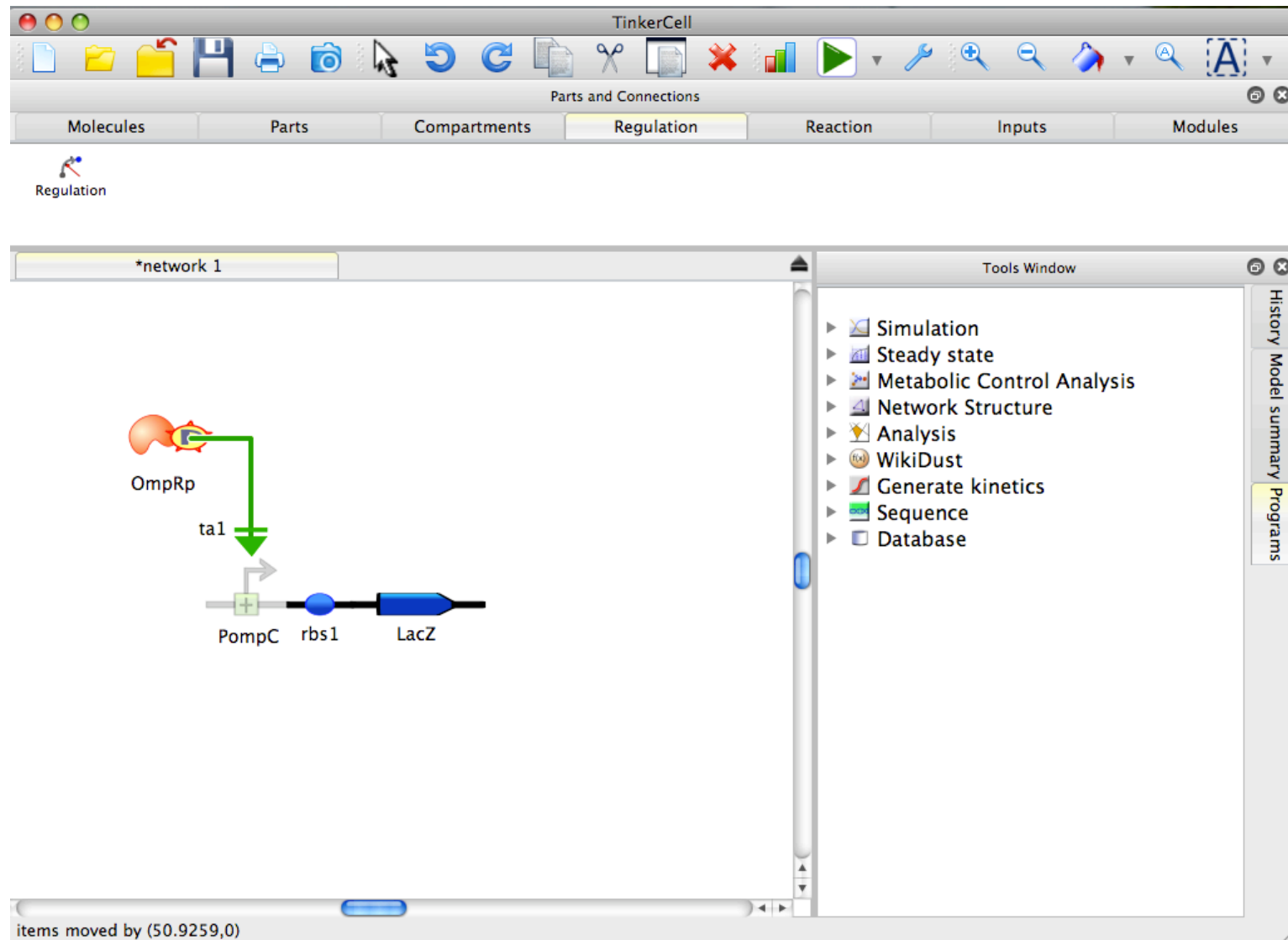
Visual Appeal: add a “P”

Select OmpRp then from the “Edit” menu, add decorator. Select phosphorylation and resize the icon.



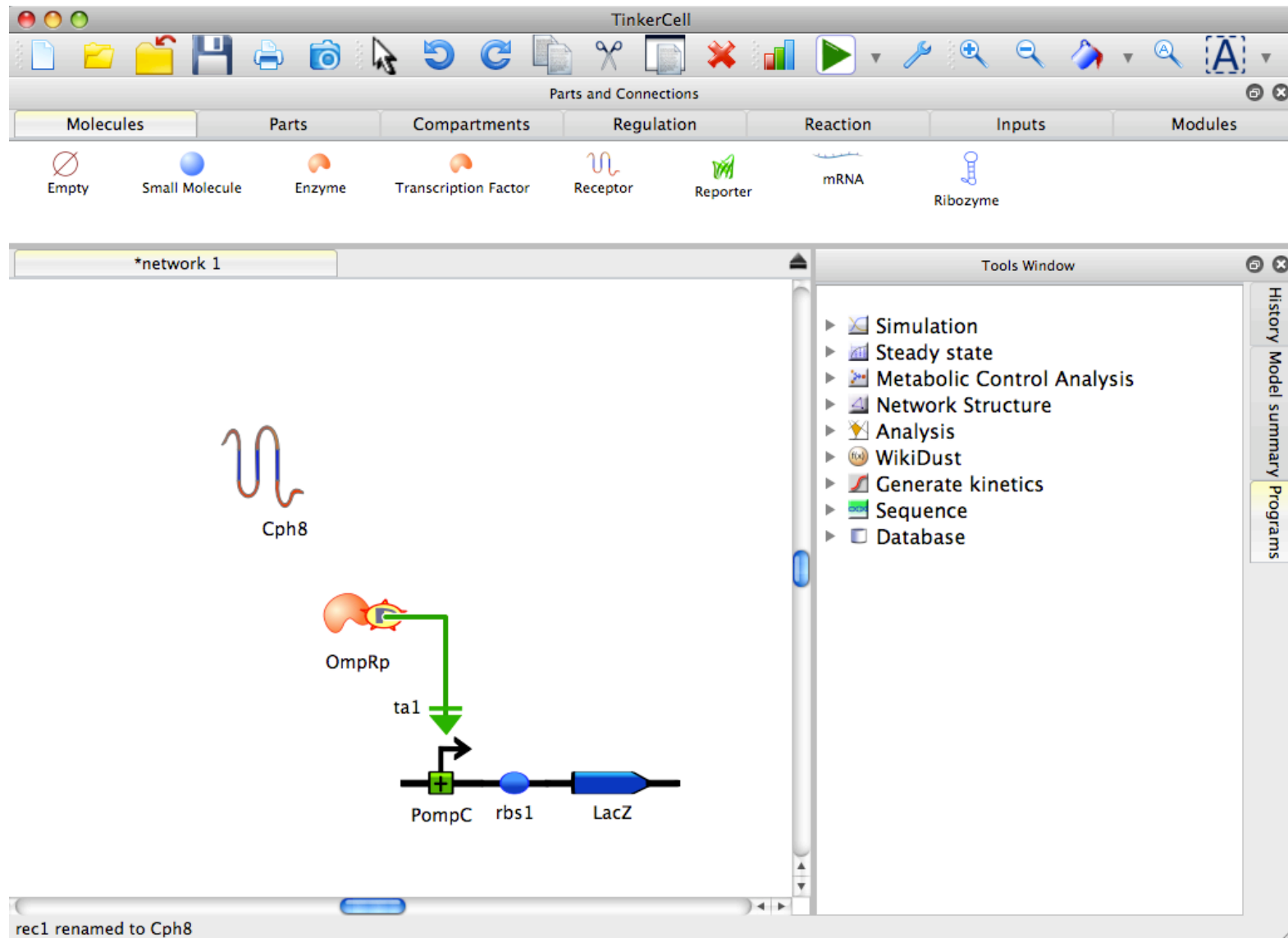
Regulate transcription

From the “Regulation” tab, choose “Regulation” then click the icons for OmpRp and PompC. Choose transcriptional activation from the pop-up



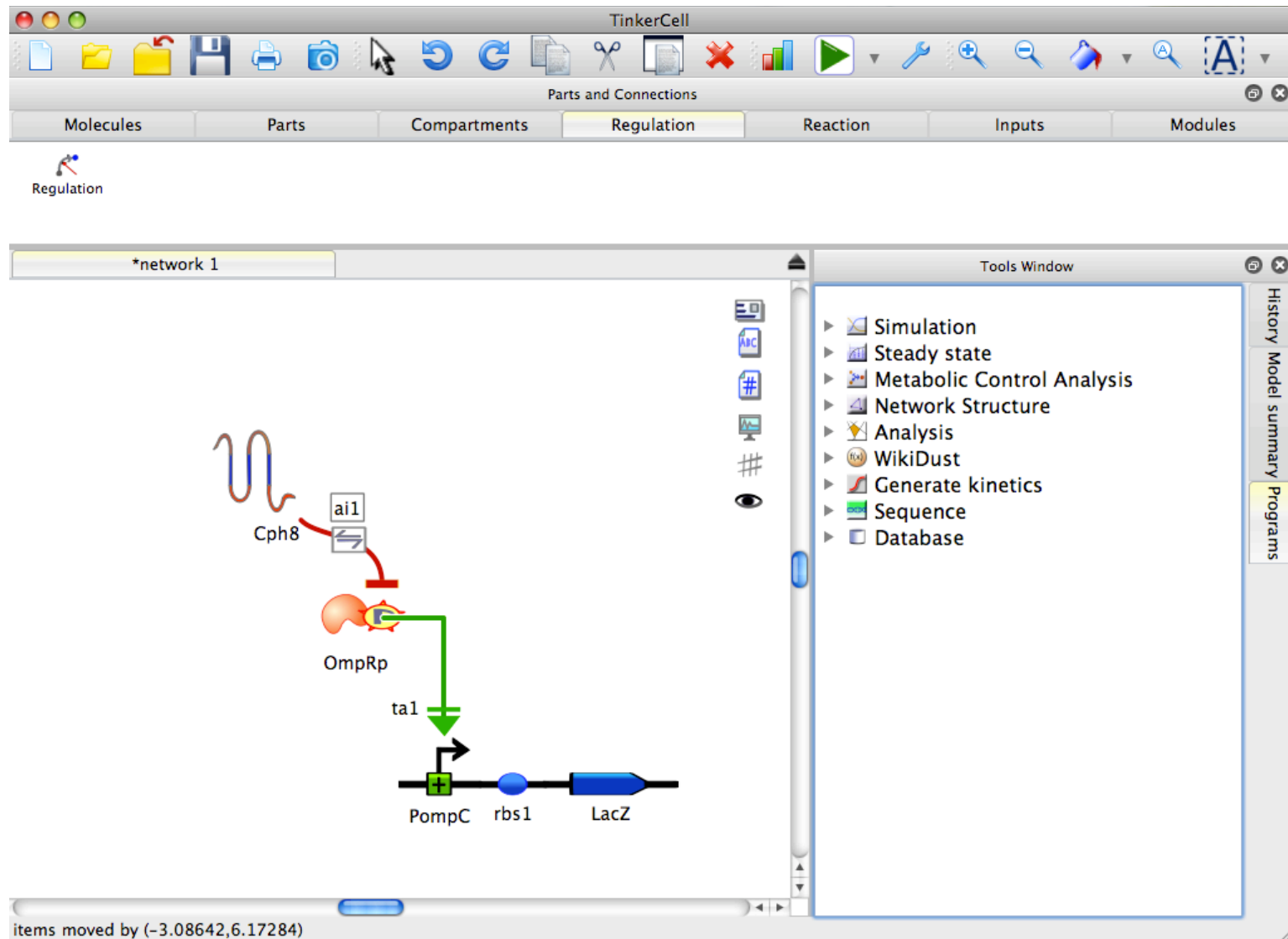
Add light receptor

From the “Molecules” tab, choose “Receptor” to print to the canvas. Rename it Cph8.



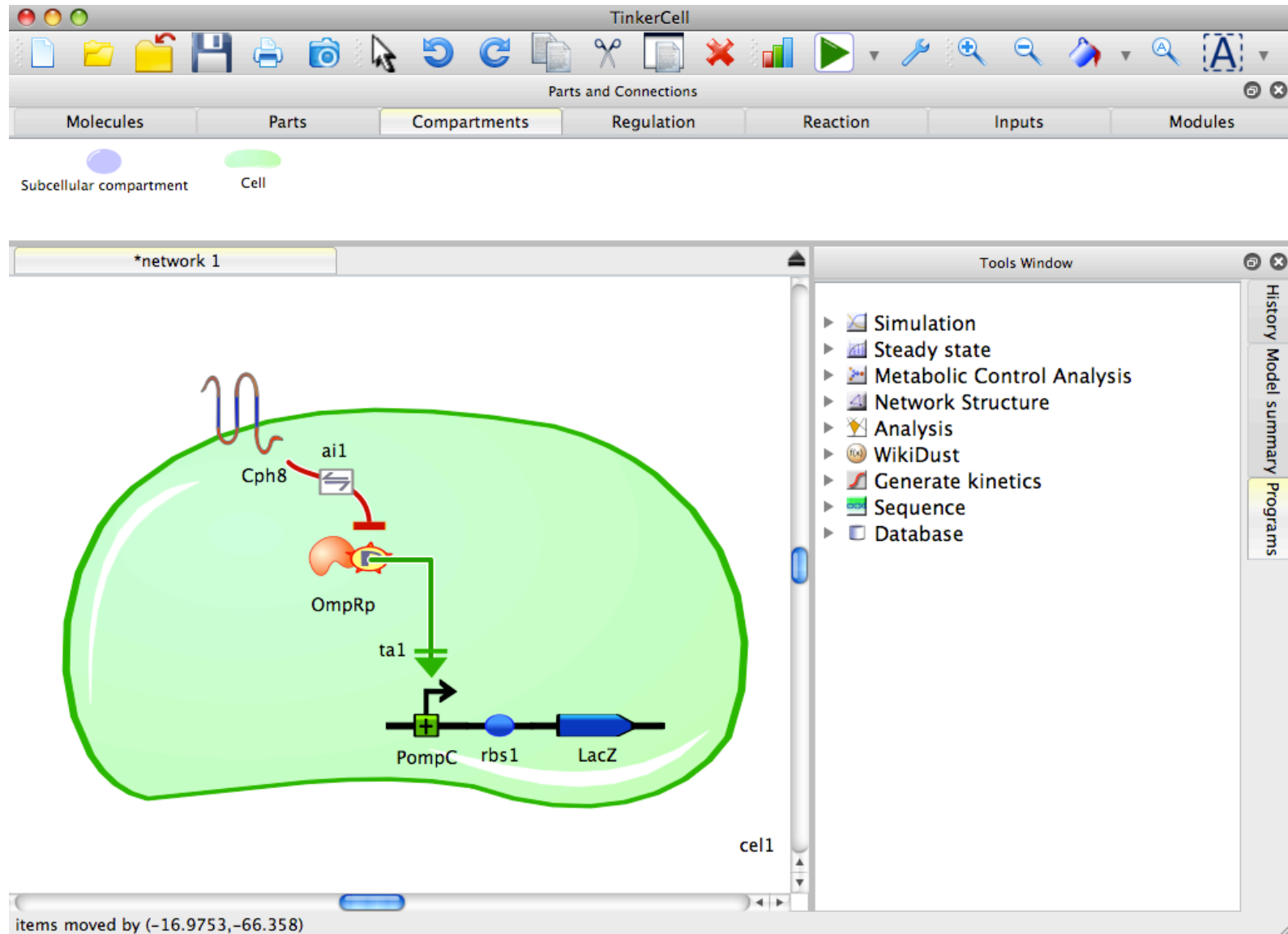
Regulate OmpRp with Cph8

From the “Regulation” tab, choose “Regulation” then select Cph8 and OmpRp. Connect them with “Allosteric Inhibition” from the popup menu.



Add a chassis

From the “Compartments” tab, choose “Cell” then place and resize on the canvas



Add light!

From the “Molecules” tab, choose “Small Molecule” then place it on the canvas outside the cell. Rename it “light” and regulate Cph8 with an “Activation” reaction

